The Claim Post

Fall 2010

The Claim Post is

newsletter of the

The purpose of the Claim Post is to provide a forum for our members to discuss current events and exchange information. The views and opinions expressed in this newsletter are not necessarily

Northwestern **Ontario Prospectors**

Association.

those of the Northwestern **Ontario Prospectors** Association including all of its members and Directors. The writers accept full ownership of their contributions.

the official



Tickets now available for the $\frac{2010}{2}$



NWOPA CHRISTMAS PARTY

Da Vinci Centre, Thunder Bay Friday, December 3, 6:30 p.m.



Photo credit: Prospector and geology student Benjamin Kuzmich

For more information and links, visit the NWOPA Website



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NWOPA OBJECTIVESTo represent and further the

To represent and further the interests, serve the needs, and support the aspirations of the individual prospectors in Northwestern Ontario.

The President's Message

Hello All,

What a fantastic field season 2010 we have had! As I write this I see the trees bare of leaves, and the sky beginning to bring the first blanket of snow. It's November and we also had an early start to the field season. Christmas is around the corner and planning for the winter field season has begun.

The NWOPA executive has been busy with the numerous social activities that our membership annually enjoys. The Christmas party is set for Friday, December 3.

A second round of MAM (Mining Act Modernization) sessions was recently held and the responses should be on MNDMF's website by mid-November. Apparently we are working on Phase II of MAM and all the regulations should be in place within five years.

The NWOPA board has also reviewed NWOPA by-laws and is prepared to make some needed changes. Discussion and voting was held at the Nov. 11 Special Meeting, and our by-law changes were passed.

In the new year preparations for the annual Northwestern Ontario Mines & Minerals Symposium, to be held during the week of April 4-8, 2011, will begin. Plan to attend. Details to follow.

We are really busy, planning, meeting and working towards an uncertain future, hopefully one which allows for the continued exploration of Ontario's mineral wealth.

Thank you for listening,

Barb D'Silva President NWOPA Northwestern Ontario Prospectors Association 24 October 2010



Left: photo courtesy of Benjamin Kuzmich, taken while doing field exploration at Toronto Lake.

Geraldton Trade Show and Mining Expo April 23-24, 2010

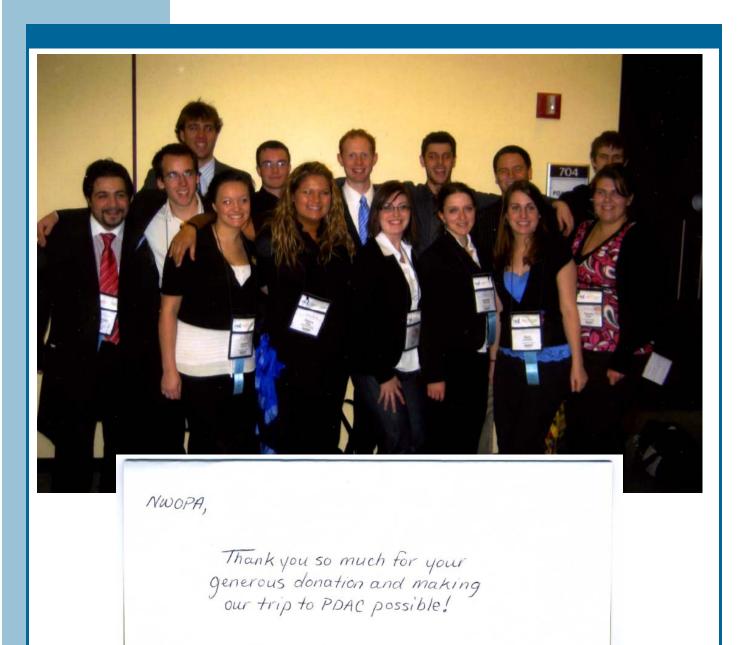
NWOPA participated in the mining expo with a display centered on a gold panning activity. Similar to our participation in other community and educational events, we distributed literature on job opportunities in mining, NWOPA loot bag items for the young miners in the crowd such as tumbled amethyst and colouring pages.

The gold panning attracted over 100 panners of all ages over the $1\frac{1}{2}$ days of the show. Thanks to Accurassay Labs everyone was successful in finding a nugget after patiently washing the sand away. Finding real gold and being able to keep it was priceless in the looks on the kids' faces and even more so on the senior crowd's faces. Most of the participants can now tell the difference between gold and fool's gold or pyrite.

My thanks and appreciation is extended to NWOPA member Chris Bishop for his assistance at this event

Bob Chataway
Director
Education, Events and Advocacy Committee, NWOPA





- Geological Association of Lakehead University.

NWOPA HELPS TO ASSIST GALU ATTEND THE 2010 PDAC IN TORONTO

Students in picture: (left to right) Amir Hossein Karami, Benjamin Kuzmich, Seamus Magnus, Janine Klarner, Bret Timmis, Dana Maagi, Sean O'Hare, Shayna Milhalus, Isabelle Therriault, Matthew Deller, Raya Puchalski, Ryanne Ziegler

Biting the hand that feeds them...

Be afraid, folks, the worst may be yet to come. All the hue and cry lately from mineral explorationists has been against Bill 191, the ludicrous Far North Act. The Far North Act, which will turn 225,000 square km of swampland in the middle of nowhere into one vast carbon sink, is brought to us by Ministry of Natural Resources, those folks who have never met any economic development they didn't want to stifle.

We are right to yell and scream about Bill 191. Just as the potentially hugely rich Ring of Fire mineral deposits are getting a foothold our government is pushing through legislation to ensure that nothing else will be found or developed in future.

But wait a minute. While we've been concentrating on this unfolding disaster, another one, just as insidious, is sneaking in the back door. I refer to Bill 173, the Modernized Mining Act. 'Modernization' apparently means kowtowing to everyone and his dog out there in order to combat the evils of mineral exploration. Hence the Plans and Permits regulations, currently being developed by a majority of non-mining interests, with exploration industry people a definite minority. It looks almost certain that plans will be required for all activities that don't disturb the land, and that permits will be required for all other activities.

These permits, which will apply to a raft of activities that minimally disturb the ground surface, like stripping, diamond drilling and trail construction, will be restrictive, time consuming, lengthy processes. Think of MNR's Work Permits, which take a leisurely six weeks to snail their way through the bureaucracy – if no one objects to anything.

Under the Plans and Permits regulations currently proposed, it will take you at least 20 days to even enter your property to break off a few rock samples. Permits will take a minimum of 60 days to pass slowly through the system – if there are no objections. 60 days! That's a winter's drill season, or a huge chunk out of a summer. This will be a major drag on grass roots prospecting and junior exploration. While applications are written and permits are in process financing will be stifled, work seasons will be lost, flexibility will be minimal, and impatient investors will sell out and move on to more distant plays with more action. This, combined with ongoing First Nations uncertainties, will be a major deterrent to the financing of Ontario's junior exploration sector. Financing, and junior exploration activity, will simply move on to more efficient and secure jurisdictions, and both our Quebec and Manitoba neighbours are ahead of us on both counts. There seems to be little or no realization by Bill 173's designers that Ontario must remain competitive with the rest of the world if it wants the mineral resource investment pipeline to continue.

In the latest Fraser Institute survey five Canadian provinces place in the top 10 mining jurisdictions in the world. Ontario wallows down in the 20s. While our government talks up the benefits of minerals and mining they seem to be systematically biting the hand that feeds them. Ostensibly drafted to address concerns of environmentalists, First Nations and Southeastern Ontario cottage owners, most of these 'modernizations', with the exception of land tenure revisions, have been designed by bureaucrats with little or no mineral exploration experience, and the whole package amounts to using a sledgehammer to swat a few mosquitoes. And they are being rammed down our throats whether we like them or not.

David S. Hunt, P. Geo. is a NWOPA director and a consulting geologist in Thunder Bay

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24. 2010 WWW.CHRONICLEJOURNAL.COM

Far North Act goes through

First Nations oppose provincial move, consider next step

BY CARL CLUTCHEY NORTH SHORE BUREAU

Nishnawbe Aski Nation may reach out to Northwestern Ontario municipalities in its ongoing opposition to the Far North Act, the legisla-tion nobody who lives in the North seems to want.

There may be some opportunities to work together, because the municipalities need development, too," NAN Deputy Grand Chief Mike Metatawabin said Thursday.

The Far North Act — which purports to strike a balance between industrial development and protected.

dustrial development and protected areas — easily passed third reading in the legislature Thursday by a margin of 46-26.

Northern Development, Mines and Forestry Minister Michael Gravelle (L-Thunder Bay-Superior North) was among the Liberals who voted in favour of the act, which won't come into force until it receives Royal Assent al Assent.

Premier Dalton McGuinty exited the legislature before the vote. Liber-al MPP Bill Mauro (Thunder Bay-Atikokan), who couldn't be reached for comment, was also absent.

NDP MPP Howard Hampton (Kenora-Rainy River) voted against the act, accusing the Liberals prior to the vote of acting "morally superi-or" and taking a "neo-colonialist" position against First Nations.

.. we have accomplished something ambitious, something exceptional."

Linda Jeffrey

Minister of Natural Resources

"The British Colonial office lives today in the McGuinty govern-ment," Hampton said in the legislature.

A news release issued by the province after the vote noted that Ontario has spent \$10 million this year to fund the development of First Nations-based land use plans.

A spokeswoman for McGuinty's office said the premier couldn't stay

for the vote because he had a pre-arranged meeting with a Chinese of-ficial regarding an October trip to

Thunder Bay officials who attended the legislature to observe the vote weren't buying it.

The Far North Act was McGuip-"The Far North Act was McGuinty's baby, and he leaves it to the minister of Natural Resources (Linda Jeffrey) to carry the can," said Thunder Bay Chamber of Commerce president Harold Wilson. Wilson said it was the government's decision to hold the third-reading vote the same morning McGuinty had a previous engagement.

The act will deter mining exploration because prospectors and junior companies won't be sure if their efforts will come to fruition,

Wilson warned.

In a news release following the vote, Jeffrey praised the legislation which will make 225,000 square kilo-metres of land—half the area north of the 51st parallel—off limits to logging, mills or mines.

"With the Far North Act, we have

accomplished something ambitious,

something exceptional," she said. "Together, we are entering a new era of social prosperity, economic certainty and environmental protection in the Far North."

The act was praised by environ-mentalists and an advisory panel of

scientists.
But NAN remains irked that the province will have the final say over what is developed and protected, de-spite joint participation in land-use committees

Metatawabin said Jeffrey's claim that communities were consulted fell short in light of a cancelled trip this summer to five NAN First Na

"She wanted to just hopscotch around in an airplane in five days," said Metatawabin. "But it's different in the North. You can't just pick up a phone and meet at a restaurant. It takes time to get our communities together and allow people time to have their say."

He said there could soon be NANsponsored protests over the Far North Act similar to the HST protest carlier this work has been been as

earlier this year, but he couldn't give specifics.

Article courtesy of The Chronicle Journal Newspaper. Written by Carl Clutchey of the North Shore Bureau. Article published on Friday, September 24, 2010. Articles that we post may not be in the opinion of the board of NWOPA, but we feel is relevant to distribute to our readership.

Prospectors & Developers Association of Canada

Where the world's mineral industry meets

March 6-9, 2011 International Convention, Trade Show & **Investors Exchange**

Metro Toronto Convention Centre, South Building, Toronto, Canada



Enviro-babble threatens Ontario

BY CHRISTINA BLIZZARD

T'S PATHETIC the way we cling slavishly to every utterance of the eco lobby. When the Great Green Gods speak, we all nod our heads like so many Bobblehead dolls. So it was Wednesday, when Environment Commissioner Gord Miller released his annual report.

The problem with self-styled enviro gurus is no government, anywhere, can live up to their standards. No matter what the government does, it will be slammed for not doing enough. T'S PATHETIC the way we cling

ing enough.

Miller warned there aren't enough controls over the siting of

enough controls over the string of gas-powered generation plants.

Northern Ontario is "on the verge" of becoming the Wild West—or Wild North, I guess—with mining companies building airstrips and rail lines willy-nilly.

Except, hold on. There's a flip side.

The complaint about gas-fired plants is a classic example of being careful what you wish for.

There's been criticism that a new plant to be built north of Toronto hasn't undergone sufficient environmental studies. What that means is no one wants it in their backyard.

Why is it being built? Well, Dalton McGuinty came to power on a fool ish pledge to close coal-fired plants by 2007. This was in response to the yappers who whined that coal plant were choking them.

yappers who whined that coar plants were choking them.
So if you don't want coal plants how are you going to generate electricity? The wisest plan is to push ahead with a big honkin' nuclear plant. They don't spew fumes. Bu good luck convincing the eco war riors that nukes are green.

Now gas-fired plants are on the

Now gas-fired plants are on the do-not-build list. That leaves us wit windmills, solar and a couple of hamsters running around on treadmill to keep the lights on.

As FOR the North, it's widely agreed that we want development. The so-called Ring of Fire ment. The so-called Ring of Fire area of vast mineral wealth has set tails wagging, even in the south.

But Miller was concerned the rail

line the mining companies want is

Ine the mining companies want is n't going to the right places.

He thinks they should build the rail links to service abortiginal communities. Since when was it the job of mining companies to engage in social welfare?

He is imming the gun. The rail.

social welfare?

He's jumping the gun. The rail line is still in the planning stages. The government announced in its Throne Speech it would appoint a coordinator to work out these issues.

Mining companies already jump through environmental hoops. De Beers had to clear more than 100 permits before they could work on their diamond mine north of Timmins.

Miller was also critical of mining companies for building two gravel

companies for building two grave airstrips without permission. Ap-parently no one noticed them for

some time.
Hello again. The North is vast.
There are dirt airstrips all over the
place. It's hardly an ecological disaster. They aren't landing jumbo jets.
Does he expect them to bike in?

Does he expect them to bike in?

We want cheap, plentiful electricity — just not in our backyard. We want economic development — but we'll put as many hurdles in the way of business as possible.

The government has botched its Far North Act by not communicating effectively with First Nations — thus inviting demonstrations.

If you want business to invest, you need to provide certainty.

On the positive side between the

On the positive side, between the government and the enviro-commish, we may have found the cure for climate change. They've just sent a big chill through the business com-

Just what we need at a time of economic recovery.

christina.blizzard@sunmedia.ca Twitter: @ChrizBlizz

Article: "Enviro-babble threatens Ontario" was written by Toronto Sun columnist Christina Blizzard, and syndicated to The Chronicle Journal on September 22, 2010. The Opinion piece "Can We Skip The Rhetoric?" was published in The Chronicle Journal on Sept. 24, 2010. Articles that we post may not be in the opinion of the board of NWOPA, but we feel is relevant to distribute to our readership.



A6 OPINION Friday, September 24, 2010

Can we skip the rhetoric?

ITTER impasses cloud relations in the federal and Ontario parliaments just days after both houses returned for fall sessions. This does not bode well for progress on a host of pressing economic issues of concern to far more Ontarians and Canadians than are affected by the Far North Act or gun control. Sadly, both of these issues have been highly politicized. Picked apart to their cores, neither appears nearly as flawed as critics claim and both could be concluded if swept free of the rhetoric that surrounds them.

rounds them.

But that won't happen. Prime Minister Stephen Harper is plainly annoyed that he didn't get his way with the long-gun registry vote, and rather than accept proposals from the Liberals and NDP to fashion a law that everyone can live with, promises to abolish it one way or another. This issue has been argued to death and only time can

hope to clear the air.

After Ontario's Liberal government used its majority to pass the Far North Act Wednesday, the NDP referred to its being "rammed through" the legislature in what Rainy River MPP Howard Hampton called "a very dark day in Ontario history (for) relations between the provincial government and First Nations."

Conservative leader Tim Hudak has said he would simply cancel the act if he becomes premier next year. Is it really that bad?

the act if he becomes premier next year. Is it really that bad?

Consider the challenge facing the government in trying to reconcile three huge and competing interests in the North: resource industries, the environment and First Nations.

Representatives of all three have been critical of this legislation. In our experience, universal displeasure usually signals that a successful balance of competing interests has been achieved.

It's not like these interests cannot co-exist.

Useful reading is found on the Ministry of Natural Resources' website on a page titled Facts About Bill 191, Far North Act. It reads, in part:

website on a page threat will stop all development.
Myth: The Far North Act will stop all development.
Fact: Sustainable economic development that benefits First Nations is one of the main objectives of the bill.
Myth: The Far North Act excludes up to 42 per cent of Ontario from

development.

Fact: The Far North of Ontario is 42 per cent of Ontario's land
mass. The bill would protect at least 225,000 sq. km., or 21 per cent of

Myth: The Far North Act is in violation of treaty, Aboriginal and jurisdictional rights,

Fact: The province must meet the obligations specified under Section 35 of the Constitution. [The existing aboriginal and treaty rights of the aboriginal peoples of Canada are hereby recognized and af

Myth: First Nations, northern municipalities and the public haven't been consulted.

Fact: Over the course of two entire years, extensive conversations have taken place. Public hearings were held in four northern communities. The province has had over 40 outreach sessions with First Na-

tions.

On and on it goes, taking apart the political rhetoric with apparently unassailable information to the contrary.

It's time to get going before First Nations make good on threats to oppose the act "by any means necessary," and before more exasperated mining companies give up and walk away.

Business interests who want to legally pursue the vast mineral opportunities in the Ring of Fire zone fear some promising land will be off limits and are tiring of persistent opposition from adjacent First Nations who say they won't enjoy enough of the resulting mines' riches. mines' riches.

The act would accommodate and encourage mutually beneficial mining development, give First Nations reasonable right to object and refuse it — if indeed that is what reserve members want — and identify areas worthy of environmental protection through First Nations

tions-based land use planning.

All parties gain via this bill and all tend to gain a lot more by its passage. Let's get down to business and share the wealth.

Left: photo provided by Benjamin Kuzmich

<u>Update on Consultations – October 2010</u> Ontario's Modernized Mining Act

Mineral Exploration and Development

Ontario's amended Mining Act will contribute to a stronger minerals industry that will help many northern, rural and Aboriginal communities realize their economic and social goals. At the same time, the legislation will make significant strides in Aboriginal consultation, provide clearer rules for industry and help reduce environmental impacts right from the earliest stages of exploration.

During the most recent phase of consultation, some common ground was reached. For example, a prospector awareness program for those obtaining or renewing their prospecting licence was seen to be a valuable educational component of the new Mining Act. In fact, it was recommended that the scope of this awareness program be expanded to benefit

anyone directly or indirectly involved in the minerals development process – and that the name of the program should be changed to Mining Act Awareness to reflect this.

An online system was considered the most practical, transparent method to deliver the Mining Act awareness program, plans and permitting, and map staking. While it was recognized that change would be difficult for some, a phasing in of map staking was seen to level the playing field. Access to the information at MNDMF offices was also suggested for those people with limited computer or broadband access.

With respect to assessment work, most people felt that a broad range of activities should be eligible for assessment credit, including all costs related to engaging Aboriginal communities regarding exploration projects. Limits on the application of a payment-in-lieu policy were recommended, ranging from time restrictions to a onceper-claim frequency.

The exploration plans and permits system overall was seen to need more descriptive, definitive criteria in order to reflect clarity and certainty. This included plans and permits with specified start and end dates, spelling out the requirements for major and minor adjustments to a plan or permit, as well as addressing the need for specific rules, terms and conditions relating to environmental values and culturally significant sites.

They also identified areas needing further attention. For example, should the Ministry or an independent party (e.g. local college or university) deliver the awareness program? With respect to the introduction of on-line staking, more discussion was seen to be needed regarding imposing limits based on the number of claims and the size of claims staked.

In December 2009, MNDMF released the Consultation Workbook on Regulatory Development and posted the materials on Ontario's Environmental Registry (EBR) for 130 days. We received 30 written submissions. In addition, we received valuable feedback from over 500 participants at 20 orientation sessions and 12 workshops with industry, First Nations and Métis, environmental organizations, municipal representatives and private land owners. In this newsletter. we outline a synopsis of this

It was felt that the exploration plans and permits system requires more descriptive, definitive criteria to reflect clarity and certainty. While some commented that a plan or permit should be valid between one to two years, others said that one year would not provide enough time to properly consult with Aboriginal communities. The broad range of activities that a proponent could possibly undertake in a project may result in a variety of impacts on Aboriginal and treaty rights for communities in the area. The exploration plans and permitting regime should be designed to address and mitigate those impacts on Aboriginal communities.

Aboriginal Consultation

Changes to the Mining Act will help ensure First Nations and Métis communities are treated respectfully by expressly recognizing Aboriginal and treaty rights. This is embedded in the Act's purpose clause, and Aboriginal consultation requirements will appear throughout the legislation and within regulations.

During the most recent phase of Aboriginal engagement, many reiterated the importance of the land and water to Aboriginal way of life and the need to protect sites of Aboriginal cultural significance. They also emphasized the key role that First Nations and Métis communities play in determining the criteria to do so. Early engagement between industry and Aboriginal communities and the need for appropriate consultation that reflects the impact of activities on the land was another common theme.

Several people believed that Aboriginal communities should be more involved in identifying the boundaries of traditional areas, and that they be contacted early on in the consultation process. They also said the Crown should work closely with Aboriginal communities to determine appropriate levels of engagement, and to help support First Nations Peoples participate effectively with particular emphasis on capacity building.

In terms of determining sites of Aboriginal cultural significance, while some supported clearly defined, specific criteria and more government controls, others preferred an open policy framework, broad definitions and community-driven processes. It was generally agreed that mutual support and cooperation between industry and Aboriginal communities, along with a certain degree of impartiality, are all equally important to successful dispute resolution.

People also pointed out areas for more discussion. For example, some comments were in support of clear, specified timeframes for dispute resolution, and they supported more government controls regarding penalty enforcement. Other perspectives recommended an open policy framework with broad definitions and non-specific timeframes as a means to avoid conflict. Different opinions were shared about who should cover the costs of dispute resolution - the government or the proponent.

For further information. please contact:

Robert Merwin, Director Mining Act Modernization Secretariat:

Phone: 416-327-8266 705-670-5627

Fax: 416-327-0634

miningact@ontario.ca

Mineral Tenure and Private Property Rights

One objective in modernizing the Mining Act is to mitigate the conflicts that have arisen between the mineral industry and private landowners who do not hold the mineral rights on their properties. Mining Act Modernization promotes balanced development that benefits all Ontarians, while modernizing the way companies stake and explore their claims to be more respectful of the rights of private landowners and Aboriginal communities.

Most feedback supported initiatives that would build awareness about the obligations of prospectors and explorationists with respect to private land owners. People identified areas deserving further discussion. For example, some favoured clear guidance for landowners and prospectors on the re-opening of previously withdrawn mineral rights at the request of surface rights holders, while others preferred full public consultation regarding the re-opening of withdrawn mineral rights on private land.

Ontario's New Mining Act Will Be Phased In

In effect now

- A revised purpose clause that encourages prospecting, staking and exploration for the development of mineral resources in a manner consistent with the recognition and affirmation of existing Aboriginal and treaty rights in section 35 of the Constitution Act, 1982, including the duty to consult, and to minimize the impact of these activities on public health and safety and the envi-
- Automatic withdrawal of Crown Mineral Rights under privately held surface rights in southern Ontario.
- Updated provisions for offences under the Mining Act Updated provisions for administering diamond royalties.

Within 1 Year

- Introduction of paper staking in southern Ontario.
- Criteria for application to withdraw Crown mineral rights under privately held surface rights in Northern Ontario.
- A revised list of lands not open to claim staking and exploration.
- A Mining Land tax exemption for lands originally patented for the purposes of mining but are not being used for mining.
- Updated provisions to allow Crown-owned surface rights on claims to be used for other purposes and protecting sites of Aboriginal cultural significance.

Within 2 to 3 Years

- Exploration plans and permits that regulate earlier stages of exploration to ensure that exploration activities will be carried out with the appropriate considerations for Aboriginal consultation, private landowners' interests and remediation of disturbances to the land.
- An awareness program for holders of prospecting licences, to inform prospectors of their obligations and best practices under the new Mining Act; this will include information on requirements regarding aboriginal engagement and consultation, recla-mation of exploration sites, and rules for staking claims and exploring for minerals on private lands.

Within 3 to 5 Years

An online map staking regime that maintains a competitive system for acquiring mining claims in Ontario.

The Northwestern Ontario Mines & Minerals Symposium 2010

This year the NWO Mines & Minerals Symposium was the biggest and best yet. The feeling amongst the delegates was one of optimism. It seemed liked the deep economic recession never affected the mining industry. People were upbeat and deals were made by many of the prospectors.

The large turnout created a waiting list for exhibitor space and the Awards Luncheon was sold out early. Planning is underway to make the Symposium larger for 2011. The excellent technical program was standing room only. The short course on rare earth elements and rare metals was oversubscribed and enthusiastically enjoyed by all. The presenters are to be commended for their presentations which are now available on the NWOPA website. Check it out...

Award Winners - NWO Mines & Minerals Symposium 2010

BERNIE SCHNIEDERS MEMORIAL AWARD (LAKEHEAD UNIVERSITY)

Nathan Forsland Presented by Dr. Steve Kissin

Click to enlarge
(From left to right): Nathan Forsland, Dr. Steve Kissin, Joni Schnieders, Rolf Schnieders
BERNIE SCHNIEDERS DISCOVERY OF THE YEAR AWARD (NWOPA)
Premier Gold Mines Limited - Hardrock Project



click to enlarge (From left to right):Mike MacIsaac, Ewan Downie, Tim Twomey, Katie Lucas, Joni Schnieders, Rolf Schnieders

Award Winners - NWO Mines & Minerals Symposium 2010

DEVELOPER OF THE YEAR AWARD Rubicon Minerals Corp. - Phoenix Project Presented by Mike MacIsaac



Click to enlarge (From left to right): Mike MacIsaac, David Adamson, Matt Wunder, Ian Russell, Claude Bouchard



Click to enlarge (From left to right): Iris Calvert, Mark O'Brien, Dan (Boomer) Calvert Mac Watson Presented by Russell Kwiatkowski

Don Hoy Presented by Russell Kwiatkowski



(From left to right): Russell Kwiatkowski, Don Hoy



(From left to right): Russell Kwiatkowski, Mac Watson



(From left to right): Russell Kwiatkowski, Mike Luski

LIFETIME ACHIEVEMENT AWARD Mel Bartley Presented by Mark O'Brien



(From left to right): Mark O'Brien, Bill Bartley (son of Mel Bartley)





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Geovector Management Inc.
Mega Precious Metals Inc.
Metals Creek Resources Corp.
Rare Earth Metals Inc.
Temex Resources Corp.





Deadline for purchasing tickets is "Friday, November 26" for the:

2010 NWOPA CHRISTMAS PARTY

Da Vinci Centre, Thunder Bay

Friday, December 3, 6:30 p.m.

Buffet/Dance/Prizes/Cash Bar

Music will be supplied by Maverick Entertainment (local DJ) "Dancing & Karaoke"

\$25/person

For Tickets, please contact:

Cyndee Komar, Geology Office, 435 James St. S., Thunder Bay (Tel. 807-475-1414)

(purchase tickets by <u>cash</u> or <u>cheque</u> only)



